## The Minimum Wages Act I 948

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## BASICS

- Passed in 1948 to secure the welfare of the unorganized workers in certain industries by fixing the minimum rates of wages.
- The act empowers the appropriate Government for fixation of minimum wages in employments enumerated in the schedule of the act.
- The fixation of minimum of wages relates to the industries where sweated labor is most prevalent or where there is inevitable chance of exploitation.


## Features

The act lays down the principles for fixation of :

- A minimum time rate of wages
- A minimum piece rate
- A guaranteed time rate

An overtime rate for different occupations, localities or classes of work and for adults, adolescents, children and apprentices.

The minimum wages may consist of:

- A basic rate of wages and a cost of living of allowances
- A basic rate of wages with or without the cost of living allowance and the cash value of the concessions in respect of essential commodities


## DEFINATIONS

- Adult,Adolescents and child. [Sec 2(a)]
- Appropriate Government [Sec 2(b)]
- Competent Authority [Sec 2(c)]
- Cost of living index Number [Sec 2(d)]
- Employer [Sec 2(e)]
- Scheduled Employment [Sec 2(g)]
- Wages [Sec 2(h)]
- Employee [Sec 2(i)]


## DEDUCTION

- The wages shall be paid without deduction of any kind expect those allowed by rules and notifications.
- The deductions are:
- fines,
- Deduction for absence from duty,
- Deduction for damage or loss caused on a/c of the neglect,
- Deduction for house accommodation and amenities,
- Deduction of income tax payable by the employee,
- Provident fund subscription.
- Payment to recovery society or life insurance premium,
- Recovery or adjustment of excess wage paid under mistake,
- Deduction made with the written consent of the employee, for the purchase of government securities etc.,..


## FIXATION AND REVISION OF MINIMUM RATE OFWAGES..

Under sec 5,appiont as many

- Committees and sub-committees necessary to hold enquiries,
- By notification in the Official Gazette publish its proposals for the information of persons affected.
- After considering the advice of the said committee on the representations, the appropriate Government will by notification in the Gazette fix or revise the minimum rates of wages.


## PAYMENT OF WAGES..

- Wages in kind(sec.ll)- minimum wages under this Act must be paid in cash. but this section authorized the payment of minimum wages in kind.
- Custom to pay wages wholly or partly in kind.
- Authorization must be made by notification in the Official Gazette.
- Provision of essential commodities at confessionals rates.


## SEC I2...

- This section provides that where minimum wages have been in force in any scheduled employment, the employer shall pay wages to every employee engaged in such employment at a rate not less than the minimum rate of wages fixed under sec 5 .
- The wages shall be paid to him without deduction of any kind.


## OVERTIME WAGES... SECI4

When workers works for more then nine hrs or for 48 hrs in any week.

# WAGES FOR LESS NORMAL WORKING DAY....SECI5 

Where his failure of work is caused by his
unwillingness to work \&not by omission of the employer .

# WAGES FOR DIFFERENT CATAGORY OFWORK... SECI6 

Where to each employee a different minimum rate of wages is applicable as per his category of work.

# TIME RATE WAGES FOR PIECE WORK ..... SECI7 

Employer shall pay to such an employee wages at not less than the minimum time rate .

## Registers \& Records (secl8)

- Registers shall give particulars of employees by him.
- Work performed by them .
- Overtime work
- Gross wages ,deductions made etc


## PENALTIES... (SEC22)

- An employer who pays to any employee less than the prescribed minimium rate of wages or infringes may be punished.
- Up to a time period of six months.
- With fine up to 500 Rs or both of them.


## Thanking You .....

