

## Reciprocating Compressor – useful equations

Compressor displacement volume or swept volume or stroke volume =  $\frac{\pi}{4} D^2 L$ , where  $D$   
= stroke length of piston and  $D$  = bore of the cylinder

Volume flow rate of air =  $\frac{\pi}{4} D^2 L * \frac{N}{60}$ , FOR SINGLE ACTING COMPRESSOR

Volume flow rate of air =  $\frac{\pi}{4} D^2 L * \frac{N}{60} * 2$ , FOR DOUBLE ACTING COMPRESSOR

Piston Speed =  $2LN$  m/minute

Single stage Compressor, Equation for work input/cycle without clearance volume

$$W = \left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right) P_1 V_1 \left[ \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right], n = \text{polytropic index}$$

$$W = \left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right) mRT_1 \left[ \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right]$$

$$W = \left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right) (P_2 V_2 - P_1 V_1)$$

This is also known as **indicated work input per cycle**.

For polytropic process replace 'n' by 'γ'

$$\text{Indicated Power} = \left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right) P_1 V_1 \left[ \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right] * N/60, V_1 \text{ volume in m}^3/\text{cycle}$$

For isothermal process,  $W = P_1 V_1 \log_e \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)$

**Least work input is for isothermal process**

**Mean Effective Pressure (P<sub>m</sub>)**

$$P_m = \frac{\text{work input required per cycle (indicated work done per cycle)}}{\text{swept volume of the cylinder}}$$

**Indicated power (IP)** = indicated work done per cycle \* number of cycles per unit time

For double acting  
air compressors  
multiply the  
work input by 2

$$= P_m * L * A * \frac{N}{60} * n$$

'n=1 for single acting compressor, 'n=2 for double acting compressor

Or

IP = Indicated work \*  $\frac{N}{60}$  \* n, n = 1 for single acting and n = 2 for double acting

### Mechanical Efficiency

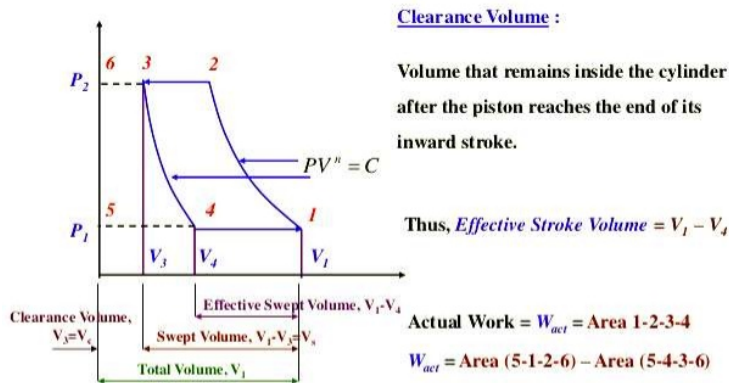
$$= \frac{\text{Indicated power}}{\text{brake Power}}$$

### Isothermal efficiency

$$= \frac{\text{isothermal work input}}{\text{actual indicated work input}}$$

### Single stage Compressor, Equation for work input with clearance volume

#### Reciprocating Compressor – Equation for Work



$$W = \left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right) P_1 (V_1 - V_4) \left[ \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right], n = \text{polytropic index}$$

$$\text{Clearance Ratio, } C = \frac{V_C}{V_S}$$

### Volumetric efficiency of reciprocating air compressor

Use only this equation for finding out the dimensions of the cylinder. Do not use volumetric efficiency corresponding to FAD for that.

$$= 1 + C - C \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

Or

$$= \frac{\text{effective swept volume}}{\text{swept volume}} = \frac{V_1 - V_4}{V_1 - V_3}$$

### Free Air Delivery (FAD)

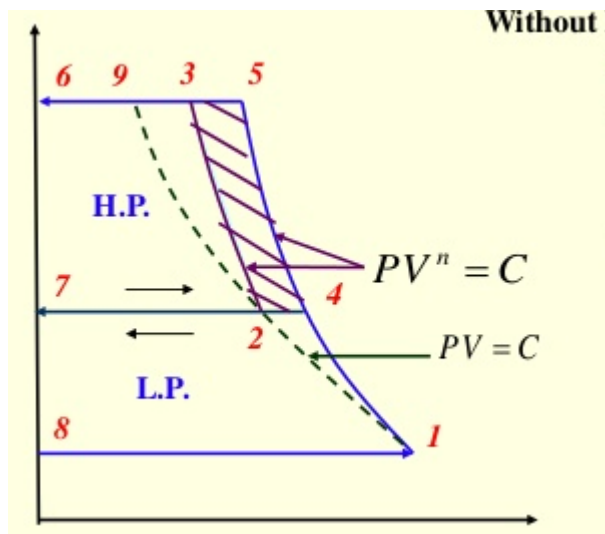
$$\left[ \frac{P_{amb}(V_1 - V_4)_{amb}}{T_{amb}} \right]_{\text{atmospheric}} = \left[ \frac{P_1(V_1 - V_4)}{T_1} \right]_{\text{actual suction}}$$

$$(V_1 - V_4)_{amb} = \frac{P_1 T_{amb}(V_1 - V_4)}{P_{amb} T_1}$$

$$\text{volumetric efficiency (FAD)} = \frac{P_1 T_{amb}}{P_{amb} T_1} \left[ 1 + C - C \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \right]$$

### Multistage Compression

For single acting, 2 stage compressor, Work done/cycle =  $W_{LP} + W_{HP}$



Without Intercooling,  $W = W_{LP} + W_{HP}$

$$W = \frac{n}{n-1} P_1 V_1 \left[ \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right] + \frac{n}{n-1} P_2 V_4 \left[ \left( \frac{P_3}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right]$$

**With Perfect Intercooling,  $W = W_{LP} + W_{HP}$ ,  $T_2 = T_1$**

$$W = \frac{n}{n-1} P_1 V_1 \left[ \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right] + \frac{n}{n-1} P_2 V_2 \left[ \left( \frac{P_3}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right], P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2 = mRT_1$$

For minimum work input to the compressor of a two stage air compressor, **Pressure ratio in each stages are same,**

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{P_3}{P_2} \text{ or } P_2 = \sqrt{P_1 P_3}$$

**Minimum Work input to a multistage compressor**

For 2 stage,

$$W = \frac{2n}{n-1} P_1 V_1 \left[ \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right]$$

Or

$$W = \frac{2n}{n-1} P_1 V_1 \left[ \left( \frac{P_3}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{2n}} - 1 \right]$$

**General Equation for x stages**

$$W = \frac{xn}{n-1} P_1 V_1 \left[ \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} - 1 \right]$$

Or

$$W = \frac{xn}{n-1} P_1 V_1 \left[ \left( \frac{P_{x+1}}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{xn}} - 1 \right]$$